

The French, English, And Dutch Plant Colonies Review Sheet (textbook pg. 52-76)

The Challenge To Spain (textbook pg. 52-57)

- ❑ Why might people come to the “New World”? What would a country’s reasons be for exploring and setting up colonies? What would an individual’s reasons be?
 - **Value of colonies** – mercantilism, balance of trade, Spain’s wealth
 - **Empire under attack** – King Philip II, military, Protestant v. Catholic, Huguenots, privateers, Queen Elizabeth, Sir Francis Drake, Spanish Armada
- ❑ How did the defeat of the Spanish Armada encourage other European nations to plant colonies in the New World?
- ❑ How did the conflicts over religion between the European nations affect their colonies in America?

New France (textbook pg. 58-64)

- ❑ How did each European nation gain wealth from its colonies? (consider France, Spain, The Netherlands, England, etc.)
 - **The fur trade** – beaver pelts, monopoly, Native Americans
 - **Exploration of North America** – Northwest Passage, Company of New France, Quebec, La Salle, Mississippi
- ❑ How did geography affect the European settlements in America?

The First English Colony (textbook pg. 65-72)

- ❑ Why did “companies” from the different European nations try to establish colonies in America?
 - **English colonies** – Sir Walter Raleigh, Roanoke, John White, joint-stock company, Virginia Company, charter, London Company, Plymouth Company
 - **Jamestown** – King James I, John Smith, Pocahontas, Lord De La Warr, tobacco
- ❑ How did leadership affect the success of Jamestown over time?

The Dutch And Swedish Start Colonies (textbook pg. 73-76)

- ❑ What were the similarities and differences between the experiences of the European nations in the Americas?
 - **Dutch** – Henry Hudson, New Netherland, Dutch West India Company, New Amsterdam, Peter Minuit, Peter Stuyvesant
 - **Swedish** – New Sweden, New Sweden Company, Delaware, conflict with Dutch